# Family Empowerment for Children with Moderate-to-Severe Asthma: A Qualitative Study

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## Background

- Each family has their unique problem and inner power to handle chronic disease by themselves.
- Pediatric nurses have the accountabilities to help them deal with the issues inside the families with a chronic illness child.
- Asthma was an complicated chronic illness, that needs several selfmanagement with the families' cooperation.
- Few qualitative study to explore the experience of families with a child with asthma during the family empowerment process.
- Family-centered care was the core value of nursing care for children and their families.

#### Purposes

 To explore the experience of families with asthmatic children during family empowerment process based on the based on Freire's empowerment theory: listening, dialogue, reflection, and action.

## Methods

- A qualitative study was conducted and recruited seven illegible families.
- The four times in-depth interview at home was conducted during six months for family empowerment by an experienced pediatric nurse for four 60~90 minutes interviewing.
- The 7 families to receive nursing of dialogue conversations and participatory observations.
- The process was recorded and transcribed verbatim. The content analysis was used to analyze the data.

#### Interviewing guideline

- The interviewing guideline was based on Freire's empowerment theory
  - to motivate the families expressing their feeling/perception during the *listening* phase;
  - to encourage them discussion and talk out their concerns and barriers of the families about the asthma management during the *dialogue* phase; to challenge them figure out any possibilities and opportunities for change during the reflection phase; and
  - to reinforce their solving strategies about the asthma selfmanagement during the action phase.

#### Results

- The 13 themes during family empowerment were retracted, including:
- *Listening* phase: 1. Worried and fear of asthma attack, 2. Negative emotion on self-concept, 3. Inconsistent asthma management;
- *Dialogue* phase: 1. Horizontal inequity, 2. Vertical inequity, 3. Increasing family caring burdens;
- *Reflection* phase: 1. Motivate family members' appraisal, 2. Reconsideration about the care roles, 3. Mobilize family resources;
- Action phase: 1. Initiate the consistent asthma self-management, 2. Reassign and balancing the family care burdens, 3. Inclusive each other for mastery asthma management, 4. Self-reinforcing the families' decisional actions.

## Listening

- Firstly we understand the symptoms of asthmatic children, the course of onset, emergency treatment methods when asthma attacks.
  - 1. Worried and fear of asthma attack,
  - 2. Negative emotion on self-concept,
  - 3. Inconsistent asthma management;

## Dialogue

- Sit down and have a face-to-face meeting with family members. Through the meeting, the nurses and family members can understand the difficulties and difficulties of asthmatic children in real life and the family's selfmanagement of asthma.
  - 1. Horizontal inequity: Inside the family.
  - 2. Vertical inequity: Within subsystem
  - 3. Increasing family caring burdens:

## Reflection

- The researcher and family members analyze and discuss the impact and consequences of family together, and guided reflection and stimulate their motivation to solve the problem.
- 1. Motivate family members' appraisal: Self-reflection of each family member.
- 2. Reconsideration about the care roles: Reassignment
- 3. Mobilize family resources: Inside and outside resources.

#### Action

- The researcher assists and accompanies the family to establish a common journey, and provides positive support and appreciation for actions that have already been taken.
- 1. Initiate the consistent asthma self-management:
- 2. Reassign and balancing the family care burdens:
- 3. Inclusive each other for mastery asthma management:
- 4. Self-reinforcing the families' decisional actions:

#### Discussion

- Each family is a unique one, have their strength and weakness to face the chronic illness.
- The researcher could hep the asthmatic children and families to solve the difficulties and difficulties of self-management of asthma.
- The empowerment process is successful, because all of the change strategies were initiated by themselves.
- The nurses have to learn how to initiative to care and assist child and their parents.
- Several series home visits are necessary to participation with the family for in-deptinterviewing.
- The quantitative data also indicated the successfully improve children's conditions, after the listening, conduct dialogue, reflect/provide resources, actions, and evaluate the results.
- The family empowerment process could be the inner strength of the family continuous to deal with their family stresses in the future.

#### Conclusion

 Based on the Frere's empowerment process, we promote children with asthma and their families to have the opportunity to re-examine their strengths, find ways to solve problems, communicate effectively with each other, and make family contracts to reinforce the self-management of asthma.

## Thanks for your attention